Date Printed: 8/10/2023 Page 1 / 6

Safety Data Sheet



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1. Identification

Product Name: ROOF ACCESSORY +SSPR 6PK FOREST

GREEN

Revision Date:

8/10/2023

Product Identifier: 383419

Supercedes Date:

New SDS

Recommended Use:

Topcoat/Touch Up

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

Manufacturer:

Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

2. Hazards Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product









Signal Word

Danger

Possible Hazards

31% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Carcinogenicity, category 1B H350 May cause cancer.

Eye Irritation, category 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Flammable Aerosol, category 1 H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

Gases under Pressure; Compressed Gas H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B H340 May cause genetic defects.

Reproductive Toxicity, category 1B H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child. STOT, Single Exposure, category 3, NE H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Roof Accessory Forest Green Small Spray 6 Pack

Date Printed: 8/10/2023 Page 2 / 6

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P317 Get medical help.

P337+P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

| <u>Chemical Name</u> | CAS-No. | <u>Wt.%</u> Range | GHS Symbols | GHS Statements |
|----------------------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 25-50 | GHS02-GHS07 | H225-319-332-336 |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 10-25 | GHS04 | H280 |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | 10-25 | GHS02-GHS07 | H226-336 |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 2.5-10 | GHS04 | H280 |
| Hydrous Magnesium Silicate | 14807-96-6 | 2.5-10 | Not Available | Not Available |
| Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic | 64742-95-6 | 2.5-10 | GHS07-GHS08 | H304-332-340-350 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 1.0-2.5 | GHS02-GHS07- GHS08 | H226-304-315-319-332-335 |
| Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | 5131-66-8 | 1.0-2.5 | GHS07 | H302-315-319 |
| Hydrotreated Light Distillate | 64742-47-8 | 1.0-2.5 | GHS08 | H304 |
| Titanium Dioxide | 1317-80-2 | 0.1-1.0 | Not Available | Not Available |
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS02-GHS07 | H226-315-319-332 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS02-GHS07- GHS08 | H225-304-332-373 |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS07-GHS08 | H315+H320-360 |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | 0.1-1.0 | Not Available | Not Available |
| Zirconium Acetate | 5153-24-2 | <0.1 | Not Available | Not Available |

4. First-Aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

Date Printed: 8/10/2023 Page 3 / 6

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Aqueous Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN -7°C (20°F). EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

Special Fire and Explosion Hazard (Combustible Dust): No Information

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containersContain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120°F (49°C). Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of flammable aerosols. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | Weight % Less Than | ACGIH TLV- TWA | ACGIH TLV- STEL | OSHA PEL-TWA | OSHA PEL- CEILING |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 30.0 | 250 ppm | 500 ppm | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 20.0 | N.E. | N.E. | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | 15.0 | 50 ppm | 150 ppm | 150 ppm | N.E. |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 10.0 | N.E. | 1000 ppm | N.E. | N.E. |
| Hydrous Magnesium Silicate | 14807-96-6 | 5.0 | 2 mg/m3 | N.É. | 20 mppcf | N.E. |
| Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic | 64742-95-6 | 5.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 5.0 | 10 ppm | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | 5131-66-8 | 5.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Hydrotreated Light Distillate | 64742-47-8 | 5.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Titanium Dioxide | 1317-80-2 | 1.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 1.0 | 20 ppm | N.E. | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 1.0 | 20 ppm | N.E. | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | 1.0 | 5 mg/m3 | 10 mg/m3 | 5 mg/m3 | N.E. |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | 1.0 | 3 mg/m3 | N.E. | 3.5 mg/m3 | N.E. |
| Zirconium Acetate | 5153-24-2 | 0.1 | 5 mg/m3 | 10 mg/m3 | 5 mg/m3 | N.E. |

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Date Printed: 8/10/2023 Page 4 / 6

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

| Appearance: | Aerosolized Mist | Physical State: | Liquid |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Odor: | Solvent Like | Odor Threshold: | N.E. |
| Specific Gravity: | 0.784 | pH: | N.A. |
| Freeze Point, °C: | N.D. | Viscosity: | N.D. |
| Solubility in Water: | Slight | Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ | N.D. |
| Decomposition Temp., °C: | N.D. | water: | N.D. |
| Boiling Range, °C: | -37 - 537 | Explosive Limits, vol%: | 0.9 - 13.0 |
| Flammability: | Supports Combustion | Flash Point, °C: | -96 |
| Evaporation Rate: | Faster than Ether | Auto-Ignition Temp., °C: | N.D. |
| Vapor Density: | Heavier than Air | Vapor Pressure: | N.D. |

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat. Keep from freezing.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly. Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica dust which, if inhalable, may cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain asbestiform or non-asbestiform tremolite or other silicates as impurities, and above de minimus exposure to these impurities in inhalable form may be carcinogenic or cause other serious lung problems.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Date Printed: 8/10/2023 Page 5 / 6

Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

| CAS-No. | Chemical Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Vapor LC50 |
|------------|----------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | 5800 mg/kg Rat | >15700 mg/kg Rabbit | 50.1 mg/L Rat |
| 123-86-4 | n-Butyl Acetate | 10768 mg/kg Rat | >17600 mg/kg Rabbit | > 21 mg/L Rat |
| 106-97-8 | n-Butane | N.E. | N.E. | 658 mg/L Rat |
| 14807-96-6 | Hydrous Magnesium Silicate | 6000 | N.E. | 30 |
| 64742-95-6 | Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic | 8400 mg/kg Rat | >2000 mg/kg Rabbit | N.E. |
| 95-63-6 | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 3280 mg/kg Rat | >3160 mg/kg Rabbit | 18 mg/L Rat |
| 5131-66-8 | Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | 1900 mg/kg Rat | >2000 mg/kg Rat | N.E. |
| 64742-47-8 | Hydrotreated Light Distillate | >5000 mg/kg Rat | >2000 mg/kg Rabbit | >5000 mg/L Rat |
| 1330-20-7 | Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) | 3500 mg/kg Rat | >4350 mg/kg Rabbit | 29.08 mg/L Rat |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | 3500 mg/kg Rat | 15400 mg/kg Rabbit | 17.4 mg/L Rat |
| 1333-86-4 | Carbon Black | >15400 mg/kg Rat | N.E. | N.E. |

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL: Do not incinerate closed containers. Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. This product as supplied is a US EPA defined ignitable hazardous waste. Dispose of unusable product as a hazardous waste (D001) in accordance with local, state, and federal regulation.

14. Transport Information

| | Domestic (USDOT) | International (IMDG) | Air (IATA) | TDG (Canada) |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| UN Number: | N.A. | 1950 | 1950 | N.A. |
| | | | | |
| Proper Shipping Name: | Paint and Related Spray Products in Ltd Qty | Aerosols | Aerosols, flammable | Aerosols |
| Hazard Class: | N.A. | 2 | 2.1 | N.A. |
| Packing Group: | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| Limited Quantity: | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

15. Regulatory Information

Date Printed: 8/10/2023 Page 6 / 6

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Gas under pressure, Carcinogenicity, Reproductive toxicity, Serious eye damage or eye irritation, Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure), Germ cell mutagenicity

SARA Section 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

 Chemical Name
 CAS-No.

 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
 95-63-6

 Pigment Green 7
 1328-53-6

 Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)
 1330-20-7

 Ethylbenzene
 100-41-4

 Copper phthalocyaninesulfonic acid, dioctadecyldimethylammonium salt
 70750-63-9

Toxic Substances Control Act

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

U.S. State Regulations:

California Proposition 65

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

16. Other Information

HMIS RATINGS

Health: 2* Flammability: 4 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0

Maximum Incremental Reactivity: 0.93

SDS REVISION DATE: 8/10/2023

REASON FOR REVISION:

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.D. - Not Determined, N.E. - Not Established

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.